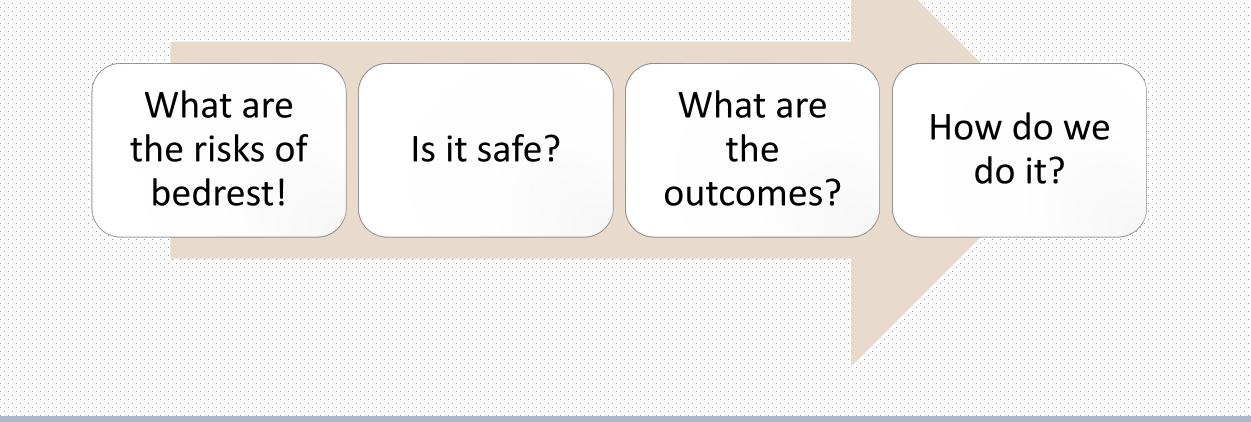




# **Progressive Mobility in the ICU**





# **Immobility has its Risks**

## Loss of lean muscle tissue:

- 18% throughout average ICU stay
- 1.5% to 2% per day<sup>8</sup>

Increased insulin resistance

Thromboembolic disease

## **Microvascular dysfunction**

**Systemic Inflammation** 

## **Atelectasis**

**Pressure Ulcers** 

## Joint contractures

Winkelman, C. Inactivity and Inflammation in the Critically III Patient. Critical Care Clinics 2007:23:21-34 Brower, Roy G. MD. Consequences of bed rest. Critical Care Medicine 37(10):p S422-S428, October 2009.



# Mobility in ICU is Safe

#### Safety of Patient Mobilization and Rehabilitation in the Intensive Care Unit

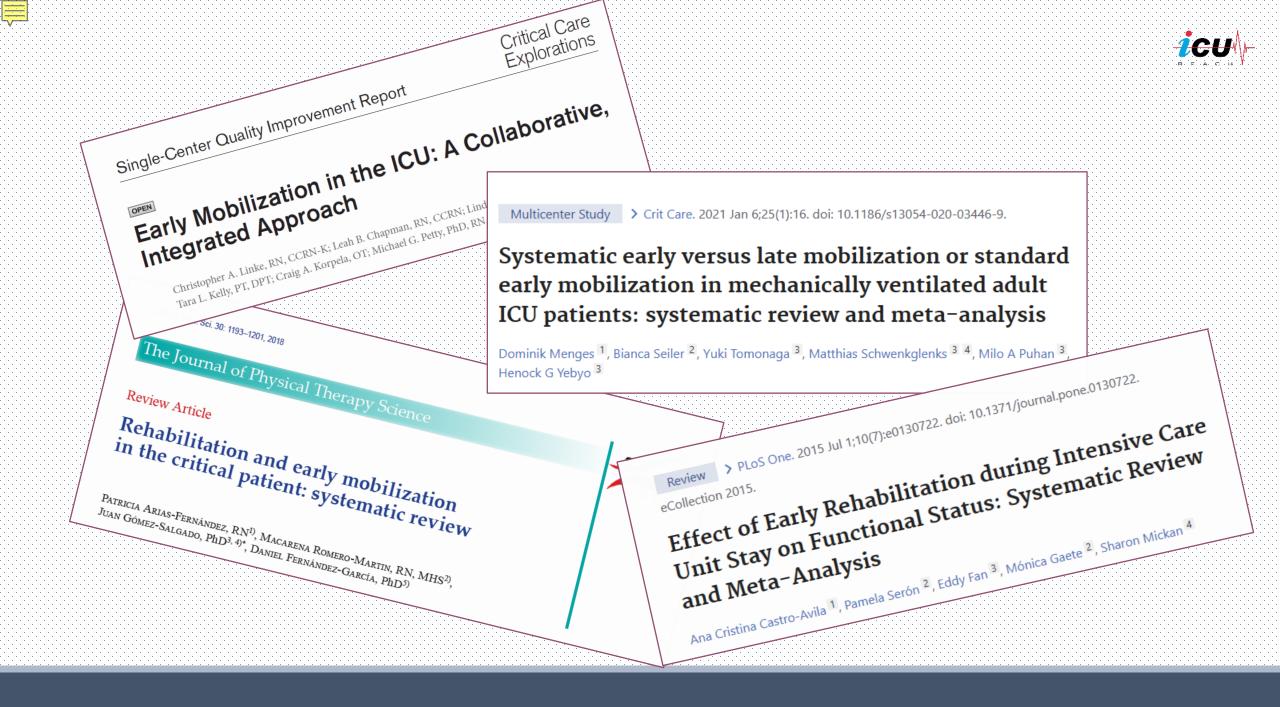
#### Systematic Review with Meta-Analysis

Ann Am Thorac Soc. 2017 May;14(5):766-777

Peter Nydahl<sup>1</sup>\*, Thiti Sricharoenchai<sup>2</sup>\*, Saurabh Chandra<sup>3</sup>, Firuzan Sari Kundt<sup>4</sup>, Minxuan Huang<sup>5</sup>, Magdalena Fischill<sup>6</sup>, and Dale M. Needham<sup>7</sup>

	Potential safety events	<ul> <li>Fall (11, 0.07%)</li> <li>Endotracheal tube removal (2, 0.01%)</li> <li>Intravascular catheter event (35, 0.2%)</li> <li>Other catheter or tube removal (15, 0.9%)</li> </ul>
	583 (2.6%)	•Cardiac arrest (4, 0.03%) •Hemodynamic changes (126, 0.7%) •Desaturation (78, 0.5%)
	Events with consequence, including stop rehab	•1 fall •11 tube removal •34 hemodynamic changes
	78 (0.6%)	<ul><li>18 desaturation,</li><li>14 other</li></ul>

Included Adult studies of ICU mobility with safety data: 48 publications (n=7,546 pts; 22,351 sessions) 6 RCT, 2 Non-randomized trial, 5 before-after, 22 prospective cohort, 11 retro cohort, 2 prevalence studies



#### OPLOS ONE

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Early mobilization of critically ill patients in the intensive care unit: A systematic review and meta-analysis

Lan Zhang<sup>1</sup><sup>o</sup>, Weishu Hu<sup>2</sup>, Zhiyou Cai<sup>2</sup>, Jihong Liu<sup>1</sup>, Jianmei Wu<sup>2</sup>, Yangmin Deng<sup>2</sup>, Keping Yu<sup>2</sup>, Xiaohua Chen<sup>2</sup>, Li Zhu<sup>2</sup>, Jingxi Ma<sup>2</sup>, Yan Qin<sup>1</sup>\*

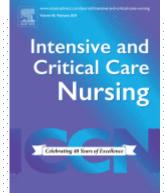
1 Department of Neurology, The Second Affiliated Hospital of Chongqing Medical University, Chongqing, P. R. China, 2 Department of Neurology, Chongqing General Hospital, Chongqing, P.R. China



**Review Article** 

Early mobilisation within 72 hours after admission of critically ill patients in the intensive care unit: A systematic review with network meta-analysis

Nils Daum<sup>a</sup>, Nils Drewniok<sup>a</sup>, Annika Bald<sup>a</sup>, Bernhard Ulm<sup>b</sup><sup>c</sup>, Alyona Buyukli<sup>a</sup>, Julius J. Grunow<sup>a</sup>, Stefan J. Schaller<sup>a b</sup> A 🖂



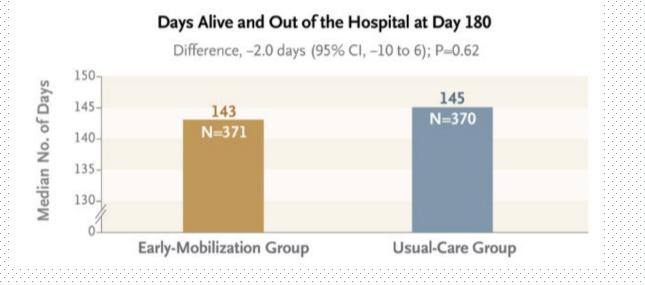


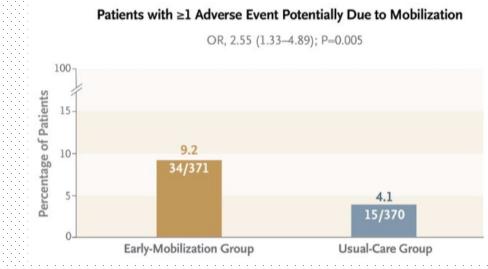
#### The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

#### **RESEARCH SUMMARY**

### Early Active Mobilization during Mechanical Ventilation in the ICU

The TEAM Study Investigators and the ANZICS Clinical Trials Group DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa2209083







# **Progressive Mobility Program**

#### Standards on all patients

- Turn every 2 hours
- HOB 30 degrees

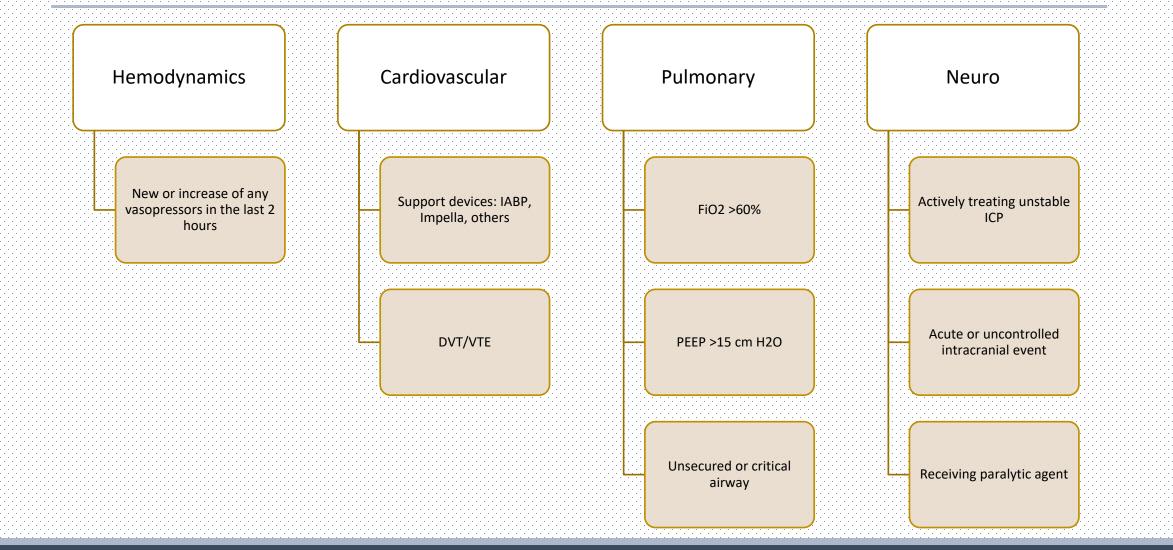
- Active and passive range of motion
- Minimize back time if able
- Observe weight bearing

#### Mobilization

- No exclusion criteria
- Early
- Progressive



## **Exclusion Criteria**



# Mobility in the ICU





