## MANAGING PAIN, ANXIETY, & DELIRIUM by Nick Mark MD

General guidelines: differentiate PAIN from ANXIETY from DELIRIUM, each should be assessed separately use a quantitative tool to assess each and be goal directed in interventions to treat



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use a quantitative tool to assess each and be goal directed in interventions to treat											
	PAIN			ANXIETY			DELIRIUM				
ASSESS	Direct:	Ask Pain scales <del>numeric</del> visual analog		+3 pulls +2 freq +1 restle		violent, dangerous pulls T/L/D, aggressive freq movement, dyssnchrony restless	<u>CAM</u> - ICU	<ol> <li>Fluctuating or change in baseline?</li> <li>yes ↓</li> <li>Inattention? (SAVE A HAART)</li> <li>&gt;2 errors ↓ "Tap each time you hear an A"</li> </ol>			
	Indirect: Tools:	vital sig	vital signs CPOT		0 -1 -2	alert, calm awakens (>10 sec) to voice awakens (<10 sec) to voice		<ul> <li>3. Altered LOC? (check RASS)</li> <li>RASS ≠ 0 ↓</li> <li>4. Disorganized? (questions &amp; command</li> </ul>			ds)
		many others (PAIN, NPAT, etc <sub>Goal f</sub>			-3 -4 -5	moves to voice, no eye cont no response, moving no response, not moving		>1 error <b>Deli</b>	↓ v rious	Does a stone float on water? Are there fish in the sea? Does 1 lb weigh more than 2 lbs? Can you use a hammer to pound a r Hold up two fingers? Do it with the other hand.	
PREVENT	Optimize:	causes procedures, interventions for comfort before procedures ventilator mode/settings		(every Provide			Treat:pain and anxietyMinimize:deliriogenic medsMaintain:day-night cycleAvoid:restraints, tubes/lines, noiseOptimize:vision, hearing, mobilityUse correct language, have family presentMobilize patients early and aggressively				
TREAT	Local: Non-opiate:		DL (PO, PR, PFT, and IV)	Many patients will not require <b>any</b> meds.			Use <b>non-pharmacologic</b> modalities instead of mediations if possible.				
	Adjuncts: Opiates:	NSAIDS (Toradol, Motrin) GABAPENTIN, TCAs PO OXYCODONE		GABAergic: α2 Agonist:		PROPOFOL PRECEDEX	adding	Stop possible offending medications before adding more agents to control symptoms of delirium.			
	(bolus vs gtt)	MORPHINE IV FENTANYL DILAUDID MORPHINE		BZDS: (preferably bolus instead of gtt)		VERSED ead of gtt) ATIVAN VALIUM	Typica Atypic	al: HALDOL			13-30)
	Other Routes: Epidural, PNC, nerve block Consider patient controlled (PCA)			Dissociative:		KETAMINE	Other:	:	MELATONIN		1.1 (2020-03-30)